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VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

B.E. (E.E.E) II-Semester Main & Backlog Examinations, September-2022

Circuit Theory

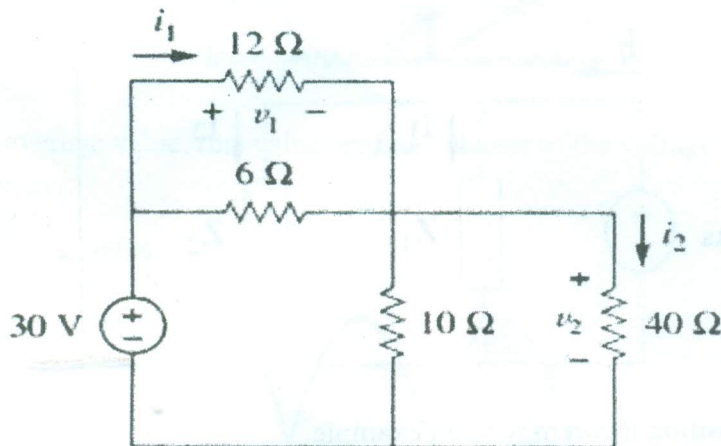
Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

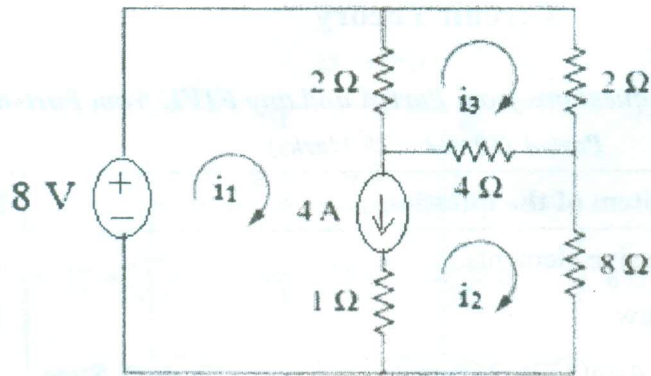
Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

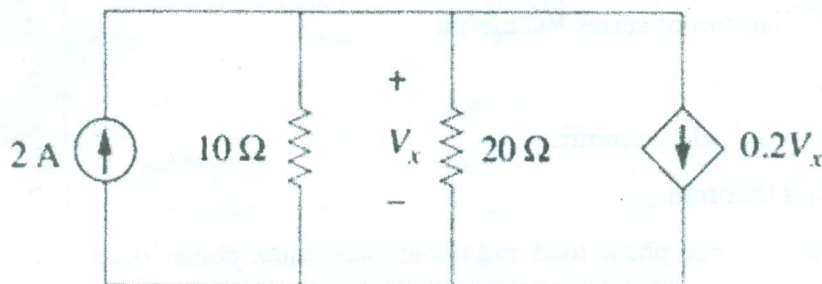
Q. No.	Stem of the question	M	L	CO	PO
1.	Differentiate active and passive elements.	2	1	1	1
2.	State Kirchhoff's voltage law.	2	1	1	1
3.	Given two sinusoids $v_1 = -4\sin(377t+25^\circ)$ and $v_2 = 5\cos(377t-40^\circ)$. State which sinusoid is leading.	2	2	2	2
4.	Define peak factor of a periodic signal.	2	1	2	1
5.	Sketch the phasor diagram of series RC circuit.	2	1	3	1
6.	Define the term power factor.	2	1	3	1
7.	Draw the Norton's equivalent circuit.	2	1	4	1
8.	State the Tellegen's theorem.	2	1	4	1
9.	Differentiate balanced three phase load and unbalanced three phase loads.	2	1	5	1
10.	In a balanced three phase system, assuming positive sequence, if $V_{an} = 220 \angle 30^\circ$ V rms then obtain V_{bn} and V_{cn} .	2	2	5	2
Part-B (5 × 8 = 40 Marks)					
11. a)	Derive an expression for energy stored in a capacitive element from fundamentals.	4	2	1	2
b)	Apply voltage division and current division principles to determine voltages v_1 and v_2 and hence find i_1 and i_2 in the circuit shown below.	4	3	1	2



12. a) Determine the mesh currents i_1 , i_2 and i_3 of the circuit shown in figure below. 4 4 2 2

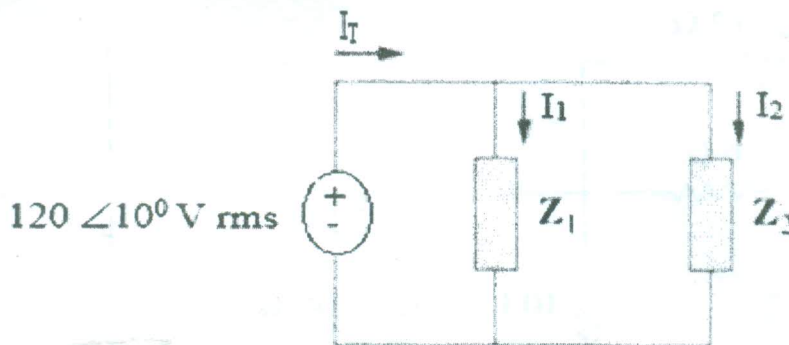


- b) Determine v_x in the circuit shown below, using nodal analysis. 4 4 2 2



13. a) Derive an expression for steady state current of series RL circuit when excited by sinusoidal source. Also draw the phasor diagram. 4 2 3 2

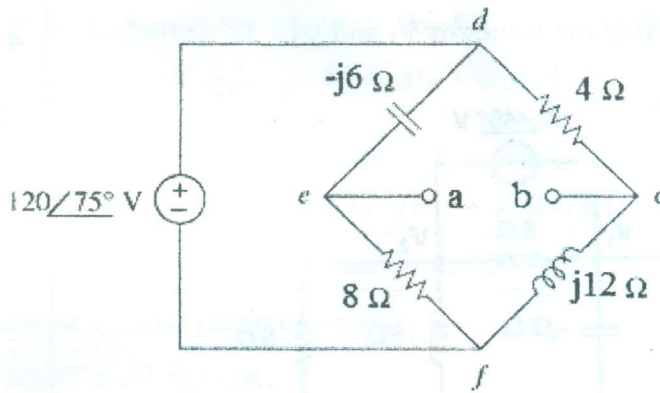
- b) In the circuit shown in figure below, $Z_1 = 60 \angle -30^\circ \Omega$ and $Z_2 = 40 \angle 45^\circ \Omega$. Calculate the total a) complex power, b) apparent power, c) real power, d) reactive power, e) power factor supplied by the source. $120 \angle 10^\circ \text{ V rms}$. 4 4 3 2



14. a) State and explain superposition theorem with an example. 4 2 4 1

b) Find the Thevenin's equivalent at terminals a-b of the circuit shown below.

4 4 4 2



15. a) Express the relationship between line and phase quantities in a 3-phase balanced Star connected system. Also obtain the expression for active power in a balanced three phase system.

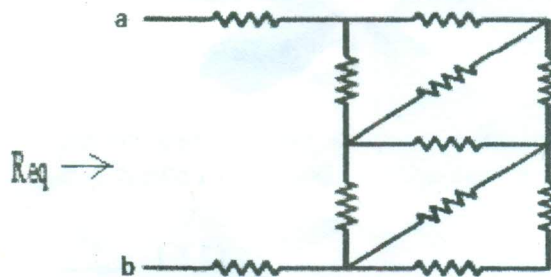
4 2 5 2

b) In a balanced three-phase Y-Y system, the source is an abc sequence of voltages and $V_{an} = 230 \angle 20^\circ$ V rms. The line impedance per phase is $(0.6 + j1.2) \Omega$ while the per-phase impedance of the load is $(10 + j14) \Omega$. Calculate the line currents and the line voltages.

4 4 5 2

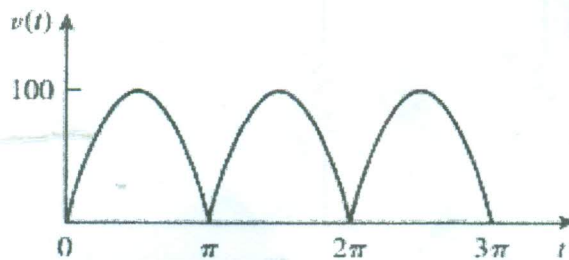
16. a) For the circuit shown in figure below, determine R_{eq} between terminals a and b, if all resistors are 5Ω .

4 4 1 2



b) Find the average value, rms value, and form factor of the voltage waveform shown below.

4 4 2 2



17.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following:	
a)	In the circuit shown below, find the values of V_1 and V_2 .	4 4 3 2
b)	Prove that the load resistance is equal to the input equivalent resistance is the condition to get maximum power transfer in a dc circuit. Hence obtain the expression for maximum power.	4 2 4 2
c)	With a neat circuit and phasor diagram, explain the two-wattmeter method to measure the three-phase power in a three phase circuit.	4 2 5 1

M : Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

i)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 1	20%
ii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 2	35%
iii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 3 & 4	45%
